WEBSTER COMMUNITY POWER



Benefits of Community Power

- Local Control. Democratizing energy procurement to the community level
- Lower Costs. MA, NY, CA and other markets have demonstrated lower rates than regulated utilities, and is guaranteed to be lower than utility default rates for Webster to launch
- More Choice. Community power is another choice available to residents
- Renewables. Build and buy clean energy; support more local renewables
- Resilience and Innovation. New technologies, market competition, customer engagement

What is Community Power?

Community Power, authorized by NH RSA 53-E, allows local governments to procure electric power on behalf of their residents, businesses, and municipal accounts. Providing electricity supply involves being responsible for procuring electric generation (supply) to match customer loads (consumption) in real time – putting power into the grid to match what customers take out.

Community Power is also referred to as "Community Power Aggregation" (CPA) and as "Community Choice Aggregation" (CCA).

Community Power empowers towns, cities, and counties to choose where their electricity supply comes from. In several states across the country, municipalities and counties have launched regional Community Power programs as a means of taking control of their combined electricity purchases, both to reduce the cost to consumers and to push for production of more renewable energy.

Community Power programs can help provide all members of the community access to renewables and energy-saving innovations.

Who else is working on NH Community Power?

A Coalition of twenty New Hampshire communities are developing Community Power Plans. These communities include the cities of Dover, Lebanon, Nashua and Portsmouth; the Towns of Durham, Enfield, Exeter, Hanover, Harrisville, Hudson, Newmarket, New London, Peterborough, Rye, Pembroke, Plainfield, Walpole, Warner, and Webster, and Cheshire County.

Do you have to join Community Power?

No. Just as it is possible today for a customer to choose a different energy supplier, any customer will be able to optout of the program and stay with the utility for default supply or choose another competitive energy supplier. Any customer already on competitive supply will need to opt-in to switch to Webster Community Power.

What will my bill look like?

Your bill will look like it does now with one exception. Under the Supply, there will be a dollar amount and it will say "Cost of electricity from Webster Community Power." For Delivery, there will be a dollar amount and it will say "Cost to deliver electricity from Eversource or Unitil."

Are taxpayers at risk if we join CPCNH or launch Webster Community Power?

No. Joining CPCNH doesn't cost anything and doesn't commit a city or town or its residents to the programs of the CPCNH. Municipalities are under no financial obligation until they execute a cost-sharing agreement. Municipalities may withdraw from the Coalition prior to entering into a cost-sharing agreement without any financial obligation and withdraw at any time thereafter subject to the terms, conditions and continuing obligations specified in the cost-sharing agreement.

Community Power programs are to be selffunded from the revenue received from participating customers:

Members will be able to launch Community Power programs at no upfront expense through the CPCNH.

Program implementation and ongoing operating costs for each Member will be recovered post-launch through revenues from electricity sales.

There are no taxpayer funds required for a community to take power supply services through CPCNH. The cost to operate programs will be recovered through revenues associated with electricity sales (i.e., a small portion of the energy supply rate paid by each participating electric customer).

The Coalition

The Community Power Coalition of New Hampshire (CPCNH) is a non-profit Joint Powers Agency, governed "by communities, for communities", empowering towns, cities and counties across New Hampshire to:

- 1. Streamline the process for authorizing a Community Power program locally.
- 2. Share services and staff support across member cities, towns and counties.
- 3. Participate in joint power solicitations and local project development opportunities.
- 4. Share knowledge and collaborate regionally on clean energy and resilient infrastructure development.
- 5. Speak with one voice at the Legislature and Public Utilities Commission on public advocacy issues related to energy and Community Power.